

Igniting Potential, Nurturing Character, Empowering Future

SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS & DISABILITY POLICY

Signed

Dated: September 2025

Review September 2026



Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy

Key elements:

This document provides practical guidance for staff on how Emmanuel Community School implement SEND Provision.

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(To be read in conjunction with our policies on, Behaviour, Anti-Bullying, Medical and Curriculum Policies)

This Policy was drafted with reference to:

- 'NASEN' guidance documents via the SEND gateway (National Association for Special Educational Needs)
- The Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Code of Practice 2014 (DFE)
- the SEN policies of Thorpe Hall Primary School, Greenleaf Primary, Willowbrook
 Academy, Northfield St Nicolas Primary Academy and Churchfields' Juniors and
 complies with the statutory requirement laid out in the SEND code of Practice 0-25 (May
 2015) updated from September 2014 and has been written with regard to:
- Children and Families (Act 2014)
- SEND Code of Practice (2014, including updates as of May 2015)
- Equality Act (2010)
- Statutory guidance e on Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions (April 2014)
- Teacher Standards (2012)
- Safeguarding Policy.



Director of Education: Mrs OluwatudimuHeadteacher: Mr FagbemiroSEND link The Governor: Mr Amo-Dazie

SEND Team

SENCo: Ms Hird SEND support: Mrs Aradeon

Learning Support Staff: EYFS and KS1 will have Teaching Assistants based in class for

small group activities support.

Additional interventions will be timetabled for identified pupils on

the SEND register, as part of the school's Core Offer. Additional 1:1 TA staff as required for high needs.

Additional external agencies: where appropriate and as required (e.g. Educational Psychologists services, Speech & Language Therapist, etc.).

Policy Statement

All pupils are entitled to an education and support that enables them to make progress so that they can:

- · achieve their best.
- become confident individuals living fulfilling lives, and make a successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further or higher education or training.

At Emmanuel Community School, we recognise that children may:

- have different educational needs
- all have special needs at some time in their lives
- require different strategies for learning
- acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates

need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences.

Aims and objectives

- Our school provides a broad and balanced curriculum for all children.
- The National Curriculum is our starting point for planning teaching which meets the specific needs of individuals and groups of children.
- All children benefit from 'Quality First Teaching': this means that teachers expect to assess, plan and teach all children at the level which allows them to make progress with their learning.
- In addition, we implement some focused interventions to target particular skills.
- When planning, teachers set suitable learning challenges and respond to children's diverse learning needs.
- In making provision for pupils with SEND, our aims and objectives are:
 - To create a learning environment that meets the special educational needs of each child.
 - To ensure that the special educational needs of children are identified, assessed and provided for from the earliest possible age.
 - To ensure that all partners in the process of meeting a child's individual needs understand and fulfil their responsibilities.
 - To ensure, in particular, that all school staff understand and fulfil their roles and responsibilities in providing for children's special educational need to have the highest expectations of the progress in learning which can be achieved by all individual pupils, regardless of their individual needs.
 - To enable all children, including those with SEN, to have full access to all elements
 of the school curriculum, and to maximise their learning and achievement;
 - To ensure that parents or carers are able to play their part in supporting their child's education.
 - To ensure that our children have a voice in deciding how their individual needs might best be met.
 - To ensure that all necessary resources are made available to meet pupil's individual needs.

Those pupils identified as in need of additional SEN support, will be placed on the school's SEND register either as on SEN Support level or having a Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP). This means that all teachers are expected to have children with SEND in their class.

Provision

- In our school, we aim to offer excellence and choice to all our children, whatever their ability or needs.
- We have high expectations of all our children and strive to put these into practice through the removal of barriers to learning and participation.

- Every teacher is a teacher of every child or young person including those with SEND.
- We want all our children to feel that they are a valued part of our school community.
- Through appropriate curricular provision, we respect the fact that children:
 - have different educational and social needs and aspirations;
 - require different strategies for learning;
 - acquire, assimilate and communicate information at different rates;
 - need a range of different teaching approaches and experiences.
- Some children have barriers to learning that mean they have special educational need and require particular action by the school.
- Children may have a special educational need either throughout or at any time during their school journey.
- This policy ensures that curriculum planning and assessment for children with special educational needs takes account of the type and extent of the difficulty experienced by the child.
- Children identified with special education need are placed in a category of Special Education Need Support. All children are closely monitored, and their progress tracked each term. Those at Special Education Need Support are tracked by the SLT/SENCO.

Definition of Special Educational Needs

- A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for them. A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if they:
 - a) have a **significantly greater difficulty** in learning than the majority of others of the same age; or
 - b) have a <u>disability</u> which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or mainstream post-16 institutions.
- A child under compulsory school age has special educational needs if they fall within the
 definition at (a) or (b) above or would do so if special educational provision was not made
 for them (clause 20 Children and Families Bill).
- This is a broad definition covering children and young people from 0-25 years of age. Where
 a child or young person has a disability or health condition which requires special
 educational provision to be made, they will be covered by the SEN definition.

Broad areas of need

There are four broad categories of SEND:

- Cognition and Learning
- Communication and Interaction
- Social. Emotional and Mental Health Issues (SEMH)
- Sensory and/or Physical needs.

Cognition and Learning	Communication and Interaction	Social, Emotional and Mental health	Sensory and/or physical
Moderate (MLD) Severe (SLD) Profound & Multiple (PMLD) Specific Developmental Disorder (SdDL) Dyslexia Dyspraxia Dyscalculia	Speech, Language & Communication (SLCN) Autistic Spectrum (ASD)	Social & Emotional	Sensory impaired Multi-Sensory Impaired (MSI) Physical

Disability

- Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the *Equality* Act 2010 that is '...a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'.
- This definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: 'long-term' is defined as 'a year or more' and 'substantial' is defined as 'more than minor or trivial'.
- This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight or hearing, and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy, and cancer.
- Some pupils with disabilities may have learning difficulties that call for special educational
 provision. However, not all children deemed to have a disability will require this provision.
 Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is
 a significant overlap between children who have a disability and young people and those
 with SEN.
- Where a child with disability or young person requires special educational provision, they will also be covered by the SEN definition.

Children with social, emotional and mental health needs

- Behaviour is not classified as SEND. Difficult or withdrawn behaviour does not necessarily mean that a child has SEND.
- It is expected that all pupils will adhere to the school's Behaviour Policy. All children's behaviour is responded to consistently in line with our Behaviour Policy, although reasonable adjustments are made to accommodate individual needs.

- There needs to be a focus on the underlying reasons for behaviour, e.g. emotional concerns affecting behaviour.
- If a child consistently shows unwanted behaviours, the class teacher will assess the child's needs, considering the child's known history of experiences and family circumstances.
- Consistent disruptive or withdrawn behaviours can be an indication of unmet SEN, and where there are concerns about behaviour, there should be an assessment to determine whether there are any causal factors such as undiagnosed learning difficulties, difficulties with communication or mental health issues.
- If parent(s)/carer(s) and school are concerned that a child may have mental health needs, we encourage parents/carers to ask their GP for a referral to *CAMHS* or the school may do this on their behalf.
- If the child's behaviour is felt to be a response to trauma or to home-based experiences (e.g. bereavement, parental separation), referrals to appropriate external agencies (e.g. the Local Authority's *Early Help Team*, will be considered where appropriate for support and advice.
- The school has a zero-tolerance approach to bullying, especially towards children with SEND and disabilities.
- We will investigate all allegations and work with both the bully and the victim, please refer to Anti-bullying Policy.
- Appropriate provision will be provided to meet short-term needs, in order to prevent problems escalating.

English as an Additional Language (EAL)

- It should not be assumed that children with EAL have SEND.
- Difficulties related solely to limitations in EAL are not SEN.
- Children with delayed language will receive support in small Speech & Language nurture groups.
- If, however, SEND concerns are raised, then an assessment will be completed.

Supporting Pupils at school with Medical Conditions

- Pupils presenting with severe and/or life-threatening medical conditions, will have a Health Care Plan (HCP) drawn in liaison with health practitioners.
- The school recognises that pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education. Some children with medical conditions may be disabled and where this is the case the school will comply with its duties under the Equality Act 2010.
- A child with asthma or diabetes, for example, may not have special educational need, but
 may still have rights under the Equality Act 2010. We will assess each child as required,
 and make the appropriate provision, based on their identified needs.

- Some pupils presenting with medical conditions, may also have special educational needs (SEND) and may have an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), which brings together health and social care needs, as well as their special educational provision and the SEND Code of Practice (2014) is followed.
- Where appropriate, Emmanuel Community School will plan to support pupils with medical conditions, as stipulated by the *Children and Families Act (2014)*, inclusive of individual Health Care Plans, which will specify the type and level of support required to meet their medical needs.

Admissions

- Emmanuel Community School complies with the Waltham Forest admissions criteria, which do not discriminate against children with SEND, and has due regard for the guidance in the code of practice. In line with The Equality Act (2010), the school adheres to its legal obligations:
 - We do not directly or indirectly discriminate against, harass or victimise children with a disability.
 - We will make *reasonable adjustments* (e.g. physical alterations where appropriate) and access arrangements, to ensure that children with a disability and young people are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers.
 - We promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations between disabled and non-disabled children.
- Children with **Education**, **Health and Care Plans** need to apply for placement through the Local Authority's SEND Team, as the school needs to be consulted first.
- Parents/carers seeking the admission of a child with mobility difficulties are advised to approach the school well in advance, so that reasonable steps can be taken. *Reasonable adjustments* can include the following:
 - Adaptive lessons linked to national curriculum and assessment
 - Some resources can be integrated as part of their access to the curriculum.
 - Liaison with Flourish Outreach Team.
 - Liaison with other professional agencies to gather information and suggestions for strategies as part of Waltham Forest's Local Offer
 - One Page Profile with educational targets.

Storing and Managing Information

- Documents relating to pupils are stored securely, and in confidence, by the Inclusion Leader/SENCO.
- If a pupil transfers to another school, all documents will be transferred accordingly.

Transition Arrangements

 We understand how difficult it is for children and parents as they move into a new school or new class. We will according to the needs of the child, aim to make transitions as smooth as possible by, for example:

- Carry out home visits for children entering reception.
- Hold additional meetings for parents and child with the new teacher.
- Arrange additional visits to the new classroom environment in order to identify coat pegs, toilet locations etc.
- Use social stories.
- Opportunities to take photographs of key people and places in order to make a transition booklet.

The process of identification of Educational Needs

"For some children, SEN can be identified at an early age. However, for other children and young people difficulties become evident only as they develop. All those who work with children and young people should be alert to emerging difficulties and respond early. In particular, parents know their children best and it is important that all professionals listen and understand when parents express concerns about their child's development. They should also listen to and address any concerns raised by children and young people themselves. (SEND Code or Practice: 0 to 25 Years, 2014 - 6:20)

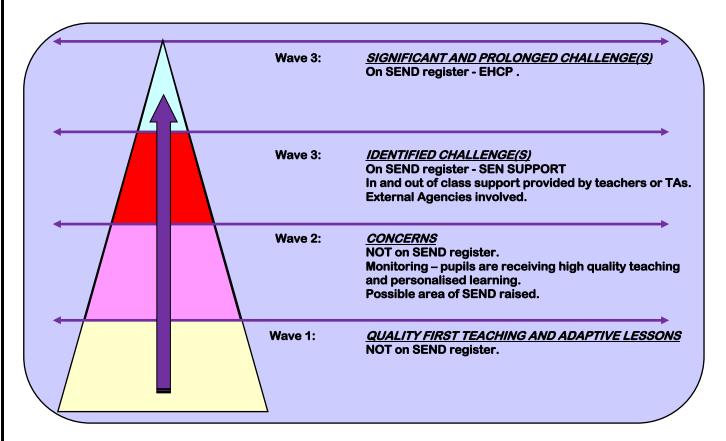
- Early identification of special educational needs is vital.
- The identification of SEND is built into the overall approach of monitoring the progress and development of all pupils. Slow progress and low attainment do not necessarily mean that a child has SEND and should not automatically lead to a pupil being recorded as having SEND.
- Most children who join our Reception class, have already been in receipt of pre-school educational provision where any particular individual needs may already have been assessed.
- Class teachers are continually aware of children's learning and supported by the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) make regular assessments of all pupil's progress. All children are assessed through our normal processes when they enter our school, so that we can build upon their prior learning and any special provision already made for them.
- We recognise that a child's SEND may:
 - change over time
 - be short lived or longer term
 - relate to a single area of difficulty
 - pertain to a range of difficulties that interact
 - be fairly minor
 - be profound and complex.
- In deciding whether to make special educational provision, the teacher and SENCO/Inclusion Leader, should consider all of the information gathered from within the school about the pupil's progress, alongside national data and expectations of progress. The information gathered should be discussed with the pupil and their parents.
- If a child, as recommended by the 2014 Code of Practice, is making less than expected progress, given their age and individual circumstances, the class teacher will seek to identify a cause. This can be characterised by progress which:
 - is significantly slower than that of their peers starting from the same baseline
 - fails to match or better the child's previous rate of progress
 - fails to close the attainment gap between the child and their peers
 - widens the attainment gap.

- The class teacher will respond to individual children's needs by:
 - providing support for children who need help with communication, language and literacy
 - planning to meet children's individual learning needs by recognising a range of teaching and learning strategies;
 - planning for children's full participation in learning, and in physical and practical activities
 - helping children to manage their behaviour and to take part in learning effectively and safely
 - helping individuals to manage their emotions, particularly during trauma or stress, so that they are able to participate fully in the learning opportunities which the school offers.
- Parents sometimes ask us to look more closely at their child's learning. We take all
 parental requests seriously. Frequently, the concern can be addressed by Quality First
 Teaching or some parental support.

A Graduated Approach to SEND

- The Code of Practice states a Graduated Approach to the identification and assessment of SEND. The approach recognises that there is a continuum of special educational needs and that, where necessary, increasing specialist expertise should be brought to bear on the difficulties that a child may experience.
- Pupils at our school, experience teaching which is adapted to account for the breadth of needs within each class. However, there may be some children who do not respond to such teaching and if this continues over time, then they may warrant being placed on the register for Special Educational Needs.
 - 6:37 High quality teaching, <u>differentiated</u> for individual pupils, is the first step in responding to pupils who have or may have SEN. Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching. Schools should regularly and carefully review the quality of teaching for all pupils, including those at risk of underachievement. This includes reviewing and, where necessary, improving, teachers' understanding of strategies to identify and support vulnerable pupils and their knowledge of the SEN most frequently encountered.
- The progress of every child is monitored at termly pupil progress meetings. Wherever
 possible, we aim to meet children's learning needs through adaptive planning, teaching
 and support, as part of our normal classroom practice. Where a child is identified as not
 making progress in spite of Quality First Teaching targeted at their area of weakness their
 needs are discussed with the Inclusion Leader/SENCO and a plan of action is agreed.
- The school informs parent(s)/carer(s) at the earliest opportunity to alert them to concerns about their child's progress or additional need and seeks to enlist their and their child's active help and participation. This will be either at parent's meetings or during informal meetings to discuss the child's progress. This meeting will:
 - formally let parents know about their child's observed possible SEN need
 - discuss assessment that have been completed
 - agree a plan and provision for the next term
- Once parent(s)/carer(s) are formally informed of presenting SEND, the pupils will be placed on the school's SEND register

Provision mapping



- Consideration of whether special educational provision is required should start with the
 desired outcomes, including the expected progress and attainment and the views and
 wishes of the pupil and their parents.
- This should then help determine the support that is needed and whether it can be provided
 by adapting the School's Core Offer or whether something different from or additional to
 that is normally available to pupils of the same age is required.
- Additional intervention and support cannot compensate for a lack of good quality teaching.
- The overriding purpose of this early action is to help the pupil achieve the identified outcomes and remove any barriers to learning.
- SEND pupils' progress and attainment be monitored to be discussed during termly pupil progress meetings.
- The SEN Code of Practice is designed to help bodies to make effective decisions regarding children with special educational needs. It does not (and could not) tell them what to do in each individual case.
- SEND support in school is based on a four-part cycle through which earlier decisions and
 actions are revisited, refined and revised with a growing understanding of the pupil's
 needs and of what supports, the pupil in making good progress and securing good
 outcomes. This plan will take the form of an Assess, Plan, Do, Review cycle, where earlier
 decisions are revisited, refined and revised in discussion with the pupil and parents:

Assess	What can the child do and what do they need to learn next?
Plan	What shall we do in order to help them learn what they need to?
Do	Take action to do what is needed, in school and at home
Review	Parents, students and teachers feed into what impacts have our actions have had,

what should happen next?

- Wherever possible, we do not withdraw children from the classroom.
- There are times, though, when to maximise learning, we ask children to work in small groups, or in a one-to-one situation outside the classroom.
- The **teacher remains responsible** and accountable for the development of these sessions which are led by a teaching assistant or specialist staff. (*This is referred to as wave 2 provision pupils are not be included on the school's SEND register*)
- If our assessments indicate or confirm that a child has a significant longer term learning
 difficulty, we continue to use wave 1 and 2 strategies to support them, but will plan more
 specialist individualised provision, designed to meet their specific needs and/or refer the
 pupil to an external agency. (This is referred to as wave 3 provision).
- Pupils identified as Wave 3, will be placed on the school's SEND register and the parents/carers informed thereof.
- The child's class teacher will offer interventions that are *different from* or *additional to* those provided as part of the school's usual working practices.
- Pupils on the SEND register will have an Individual Educational Plan (IEP)/ Provision Map, to set, monitor and evaluate specific set targets.
- The class teacher will keep parents or carers informed of the provision being made and draw upon them for additional information to help plan that provision.
- Parent(s)/carer(s) will be invited to discuss the SEND IEP/Provision Map in parent consultations. Where appropriate, pupils will be encouraged to attend their IEP/Provision Map review to engage pupil voice.
- If a SEND IEP/Provision Map review, or other assessment of a pupil's progress, identifies that, over a period of two terms, progress has been insufficient, despite all appropriate resources being used to support the pupil, it may be concluded that support is needed from outside specialist services. In this case we will, with parental consent, request external specialist support through a referral to:
 - Educational Psychology services;
 - Speech and Language Therapy services;
 - Occupational Therapy services;
 - Physiotherapy services;
 - Outreach Team (Dyslexia, Global Delay, ASD)
 - Child and Adolescent Mental Health (CAMHS), etc.
- If a child still fails to make progress, in spite of high quality, targeted support as SEND, we may apply to the Local Authority (LA) for the child to have an Educational, Health and Care assessment. Generally, this would be in the following cases:
 - The child is Looked After and therefore additionally vulnerable;
 - The child has a disability which is lifelong and which means that they will always need support to learn effectively;
 - The child's achievements are significantly far below their peers that we think that they will always need support to learn effectively; and
 - The child's achievements are so significantly far below their peers that we think it
 may be likely that the child may at some point benefit from special school provision.
- A referral is made to the local authority and they will evaluate all evidence provided and decide to agree or not to agree an EHCP.

- If agreed, this assessment would involve a member of the Local Authority who will call a
 meeting for parents, the child and the school together with any health or social care
 professionals who are involved with the family. The meeting will record the child's
 strengths, their dreams and aspirations as well as barriers they face. Following the
 meeting, the LA will produce the Educational, Health and Care Plan (EHCP), which will
 record the decisions made at the meeting.
- An ECHP n is a statutory document which outlines a profile of the child, the type of provision which must be made for them, together with any resource allocation stipulated, then we will take every step possible to make the provision required.
- All pupils with EHCPs will have an annual 'Person Centred Review' of their plan, conducted in accordance with the Code of Practice 2014, and in which parents and pupils are involved.

Checklist for processing

SEN provision - intervention

At Emmanuel Community School intervention is an over-arching term to describe a range
of learning strategies, techniques, resources and programmes that are used to enable
children with SEN to 'catch up' or, in some cases, maintain progress. We will endeavour to
ensure that our interventions are time-limited and evidence based (i.e. there is some
academic consensus that the intervention has the required effect). Interventions may take

place in-class or may take place outside of the class and may involve staff other than the class teacher and may be for groups of students, pairs or individuals.

- Where interventions involve withdrawal from the class we are careful to minimise disruption to a broad and balanced education.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO, in conjunction with the Headteacher and SLT will monitor and review the range of interventions used to support children at Emmanuel Community School, in order that interventions are effective, efficient and a good use of school resources.
- Staff working directly with SEND pupils will review and set termly IEP's/provision targets
 and share these with parents/carers. This process will enable monitoring the efficacy of
 interventions and maintain an overview of the support being given.

Local Offer

- The local offer is designed to enable parents and young people to see more clearly what services are available in Waltham Forest and how to access them. It includes provision from birth to 25, across education, health and social care.
- Local Authorities must publish a Local Offer, setting out in one place information about provision they expect to be available across Education, Health and Social care for children and young people in their area who have SEN or are disabled, including those who do not have Education, Health and Care (EHC) plans. In setting out what they 'expect to be available', local authorities should include provision which they believe will actually be available.
- This includes information about:
 - Available support and provision; targeted services; and specialist services offered by the LA for or be used by SEN children and young people, including those who do not have EHCPs in Waltham Forest, for whom the LA is responsible for.
 - The LA's arrangements for providing top-up funding for children and young people.
 - Information about how to request an EHC assessment for an EHCP.
- LBWF's Local Offer is available at:

https://www.walthamforest.gov.uk/service-categories/special-educational-needs-and-disability.

Key Responsibilities

Headteacher

- To be responsible for the overall management of the SEND provision, ensuring that the needs of pupils with SEND are met.
- They oversee and line manage the work of the Inclusion Leader/SENCO.
- In particular cases, the headteacher may liaise with external agencies and the LA, and may chair some review meetings.

Inclusion Leader/SENCO

- Responsible for the operational management of the specified and agreed resourcing for special needs provision within the school. This includes:
 - managing the day-to-day operation of our SEND Policy
 - maintaining the SEND register
 - co-ordinating the provision for children's special educational needs
 - maintaining a provision map
 - supporting and advising colleagues

- maintaining records of all children with SEND
- overseeing all assessments of the progress made by pupils with SEND
- arranging, attending and chairing annual EHCP SEND PCR review meetings
- acting as a main point of communication with parent(s)/carer(s), in addition to the class teacher
- acting as the link with external agencies and support services
- monitoring and evaluating this SEND Policy, and reports to the governing body
- managing a range of resources, both human and material, to enable appropriate provision to be made for children with SEN
- contributing to the professional development of all staff, in relation to understanding and meeting the needs of pupils with SEN

All adults / staff working with SEND children (including agency staff and outside providers)

- All staff are aware of the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for pupils with SEND.
- Have the responsibility to liaise with the class teacher in order to share SEND information regarding identified children and give feedback of evaluations and assessments.
- Must maintain a record and/or reports of impact of provision provided.

Class teachers

- All teachers are teachers of children with SEND and endeavour to adapt the curriculum to meet their children's needs.
- Class teachers need to plan adaptive lessons as part of the Graduated Approach, for those on the SEND register.
- Class teachers work with support staff to ensure individual needs are met.
- Class teachers directly work with SEND pupils at some time during each day.
- Every teacher is responsible and accountable for the progress and development of <u>all</u> pupils in their class wherever or with whoever the pupils are working with (including support provided by LSA or specialist staff).

Teaching Assistants

- Teaching Assistants work with small groups or individuals who have an Individual Educational Plan (IEP)/ Provision Maps as planned for and guided by the class teacher.
- To make use of a range of teaching strategies (Visual, Auditory and Kinaesthetic) to meet children's SEND.
- Assess, evaluate and monitor progress in order to inform the next stage of learning.

Children

- In our school, we encourage children to take responsibility and to make decisions. This is part of the culture of our school and relates to children of all ages and abilities.
- Children are involved in an appropriate way in agreeing targets in their SEN Support Plan and in the termly review meetings.
- Children are encouraged to review their own progress against their targets and contribute towards decisions about support for their learning.
- We seek to celebrate their successes with them as well as planning and discussing their next steps.

Parents/Carers

- To be involved in their child's learning through home-learning, educational visits, school-based projects, open evening, visits to the school and homework etc.
- Parent(s)/carer(s) have much to contribute to our support for children with special educational need.
- We encourage an active partnership through an ongoing dialogue with parent(s)/carer(s). The home–school agreement is central to this.
- Through regular termly parents' meetings, we share the progress of pupils with SEN with their parents or carers. We discuss with parents/carers any outside specialist support, and seek to involve them in decision making about the provision planned for their child.

Governing Body

- It is the statutory duty of the governors to ensure that the school follows its responsibilities to meet the needs of children with SEND following the requirements of the Code of Practice 2014.
- The governing body does its best to secure the necessary provision for any pupil identified as having special educational needs.
- The governors ensure that all teachers are aware of the importance of providing for these children.
- They consult the LA and other schools, when appropriate, and report annually, through the school prospectus, to parent(s)/carer(s) on the success of the school's Policy for children with special educational need.
- The governing body ensures that parents or carers are notified of any decision by the school that SEN provision is to be made for their child.
- The SEN Governor liaises closely with the Inclusion Leader/SENCO and ensures that all governors are aware of the school's SEN provision, including the deployment of funding, equipment and personnel, and the effectiveness of this Policy.

Local Authority (See Local Offer)

- To provide external support for SEND children and resource additional requirements for SEND statements.
- To provide disagreement resolution arrangements and mediation services.

Allocation of resources

- Emmanuel Community School does not have a special unit for SEND.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO is responsible for the operational management of SEND provision throughout the school, inclusive of provision mapping.
- The headteacher and the Inclusion Leader/SENCO meet annually to agree on how to allocate and use our SEN funding.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO draws up the necessary resources bid when the school is planning its budget.
- The headteacher informs the governing body of how the funding is allocated to support special educational needs, whether through the school's devolved formula funded budget or through cash grant attached to some statements, has been used.
- The specified and agreed SEND budget will be used for the purchasing of SEND resources (on request from staff where specific SEND resources are identified as being needed). The SEND budget can be used to employ human resources i.e. Teaching Assistants (TAs) either by the school or from supply agencies.
- Provision for EHCP SEND children will be in line with their allocated level of SEND funding. Parents/carers need to be advised that additional support is not always possible due to specific SEND budgets which are allocated to all SEND children throughout the school in line with equal opportunities. One-to-one provision can thus not be expected as a given.

Continuous Professional Development (CPD)

• The school considers the training needs of all staff, which will empower and enable them to feel confident and skilled to work with children with SEND most effectively.

Monitoring and equality impact assessment

- Governors and the SLT will evaluate the effectiveness of the SEND Policy.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO monitors the progress or difficulties of children on the SEND register.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO provides staff and governors with regular summaries of the impact of our Policy on the effectiveness of our SEN provision.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO is involved in supporting teachers in drawing up Individual Educational Plans/ Provision Maps for the children in their class.
- The Inclusion Leader/SENCO and the headteacher hold regular meetings to review the work of the school in this area.
- Inclusion Leader/SENCO and the named governor with responsibility for SEND also hold termly meetings.
- The governing body will review this policy every year, or sooner if necessary, or in response to changes in national SEN Policy.

Complaints

- (Refer to the school's Complaints Policy.)
- If a parent is concerned about anything to do with the education that we are providing at our school, they should, in the first instance, discuss the matter with their child's class teacher. In our experience, most matters of concern can be resolved positively in this way.
- All teachers work very hard to ensure that each child is happy at school, and is making good progress; they naturally want to know if there is a problem, so that they can act before it seriously affects the child's progress.
- If matters are unresolved and/or a request is made by the parent/carer, a meeting will be arranged with the Inclusion Leader/SENCO.
- However, if the issue is complex or the parent/carer is not satisfied with the outcome, the headteacher and /or governing body will be involved.
- As a last resort, the school's Local Authority SEND Inclusion Officer can be involved.

Review

- The SEND Policy is to be reviewed and published annually (6.79 of the Code of Practice (2014)).
- Part of this procedure will be the gathering of views from all parties involved on its effectiveness.

Addendum: School's Core Offer

	Cognition and	Communication and	Social, Emotional	Sensory and/or
	<u>Learning</u>	interaction	and Mental health	<u>physical</u>
WAVE 1 Quality first Teaching and Differentiation	Adaptive curriculum planning, activities, delivery and outcome. Focused and modelled group work with teacher/ TAs e.g. guided reading/writing/ maths In class support from a LSA/ teacher 1:1 reading with TAs Visual timetables Use of writing frames Thesaurus Dictionaries Reading volunteers Read, Write Inc. intervention Basic Numicon	Adaptive curriculum planning, activities, delivery and outcome, e.g. simplified language. Increased visual aids/modelling etc. Visual timetables Use of symbols Structured school and class routines Basic Makaton in EYFS	Whole school Behaviour & Learning Policy School Values Class reward and sanction systems Access to school mentor Pupil voice interviews	 Flexible teaching arrangements Staff informed and aware of impairment. Medical support Access to equipment, e.g. sloping boards, pencil grips, etc Modified worksheets
WAVE 2 Catch Up level 7A led	 Booster Literacy Groups Booster Maths Groups In class support from TAs Precision teaching Additional Read, Write Inc. intervention Volunteer class support Numicon Intervention Programme 	In class support from TAs with some focus on supporting speech and language. Speech and language Nurture group intervention Modelled language activities Basic Makaton signing	Small group support groups Merits and awards Adult support for unstructured activities Pastoral Support Plans After school Clubs e.g. football, athletics, film club, Phonics club, sewing and knitting, choir. Breakfast club before school	Additional handwriting practice Access to equipment, e.g. sloping boards, pencil grips, etc. Access to small laptops
WAVE 3 Single category level Teacher /External agency / TA led	IEP targets Additional phonics support Additional 1:1 reading support Additional Literacy and Maths 1:1 and small group support/tuition	IEP targets S&L therapy sessions (tailored programme)	IEP targets Individual rewards and merits Personalised therapy ELSA Support from Child & Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAHMS) Support from Pupil Referral Unit (PRU) Support from LA Social Services Play therapist	IEP targets Motor skills programme for small group or individuals. Support from Specialist Children's Services Support from Physiotherapist Support from Occupational Therapy Services Support from Flourish: Joseph Clark Visual Impaired (VI) Outreach Team Hearing Impairment (HI) Outreach Team
Education, Health and Care Plan (previous statement)	IEP targets Access to external SEND resources and advisory teachers Support from Educational Psychologist Support from 1:1 TA support Flourish: Global Delay, ASD, Dyslexia and HI Outreach Teams Annual Person-Centred Review meetings (PCR)	IEP targets S&L support, e.g. speech therapist and/or LSA S&L therapy programme Access to Social & Communications Clinic Additional Makaton training Support from Flourish: Autism Outreach Team Annual Person Centred Review meetings (PCR)	IEP targets Pastoral Support Programme Support from Educational Psychologist Annual Person Centred Review meetings (PCR)	IEP targets Individual support in class and PE Tailored Occupational therapy programme. Access to ICT programmes Annual Person-Centred Review meetings (PCR)